
 IOM • OIM	ONE ROOM SHELTER PROGRAM	Document No: IP 06
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Interim Narrative Report		

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Activities	
<i>Context</i>	<p><i>What are the characteristics of the areas that were targeted within the UC?</i></p> <p><i>UC Kadhan is one of the worst affected areas of district Badin during the heavy rains of 2010-2011. The distance from Badin City is about 40Kms. UC Kadhan has the neighbouring UCS of Luari Sharif and Bhugra Memon. 90% of the population of UC Kadhan is rural and major livelihood is agricultural related activities.</i></p> <p><i>What are the characteristics of the villages targeted?</i></p> <p><i>Majority of the villages are affected during the Rain floods and having damaged mud shelters. The density of the House Hold in villages is varying according to the factor of available livelihood and water. Basic civic services like water, electricity, sanitations are unavailable.</i></p> <p><i>What are the characteristics of the beneficiaries targeted?</i></p> <p><i>The targeted beneficiaries are affected during the floods of 2010-2011. They are uneducated, low in income; majority is related to the agricultural labour, widows and disables. Women are also working with the men and in some cases women are performing hard work as compare to men. They have the high ratio of ailments and the issues of nutrition in women and children</i></p> <p>.</p>

	<p>Why were the villages selected?</p> <p><i>Beneficiaries who are affected during the flood 2010-2011 having low income, female headed households, widows, households with disability, chronically ill, households with under the age of fifteen children, tenants, elderly households.</i></p> <p>Have the needs of village changed since you conducted your needs assessment?</p> <p><i>Needs are still same.</i></p>
<p>Next activities (only applies for the Interim report)</p>	<p>What are the plans for the next phase of the programme?</p> <p><i>The Plinth level will be completed and afterwards, walls and roofs will be completed. During all these process the documentation will also be completed to release for the 2nd, 3rd and 4th tranches.</i></p>
<p>Humanitarian Hotline</p>	<p>What advertisement activities of the IOM humanitarian Hot line were conducted?</p> <p><i>During the ORS project it was clearly briefed the beneficiaries about the IOM humanitarian Hotline. The Panaflex was also provided and utilized to advertise the IOM humanitarian Hotline.</i></p>
<p>Program development</p>	<p>Beneficiary selection</p> <p>What are the basic beneficiary characteristics?</p> <p><i>Following are the criteria set for the selection of beneficiaries.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Flood/ heavy rain affected</i> • <i>Poor low income holder</i> • <i>Tenants</i> • <i>Female headed households</i> • <i>Household with disability</i> • <i>Chronically ill households</i> • <i>Household with all member under fifteen</i> • <i>Household atleast one member above sixty</i> <p>How were beneficiaries selected?</p> <p><i>Beneficiaries were selected through democratic process for this purpose initially NWO team called for Broad Based Community</i></p>

Meetings in which all the villagers participated, during meeting the policies and procedures declared and shared the criteria. Village Committees was formed consisting of 15 members with participation of females. After the completion of meeting selection process started and Households who met the criteria were selected then Focal Point was selected for further proceeding.

Where minorities included in the process?

In every village all the community members participated either they belong to majority or minority. Minorities clusters were also selected separately to give them extra benefits.

Where women involved in the process?

Females were participated from the very first meeting of the community till the selection of beneficiaries. Even in some clusters females are playing the lead roles.

Construction

What technical trainings where conducted?

In every village technical training conducted as per the policies and procedures of the IOM and used the local language as a basic medium. Simple methods were utilized for the understanding and keeping in view the capacity of the communities. Following are the details of technical trainings conducted

- Previous damaged shelters*
- Site selections*
- PLC ratio*
- Lime usage in mortar*
- The process of quality work*
- Technical guidelines*
- Loh Khat Shelters*
- Mud Wall and Bricks Wall shelters*
- Typologies (Carvan Roof, Double Pitch, Mono pitch, Chora)*

Were “Build Back Better” posters made available to beneficiaries?

In every training build back better posters were available for the better understanding of BHHs.

What technical monitoring was provided to households constructing

	<p>ORS?</p> <p><i>Technical guidelines and assistance provided to BHHs during the construction. Extra Social mobilizers were hired to motivate them. Technical persons were round the clock available in the field for monitor and assistance. M&E officer was specially hired to control the quality of work and identified the gaps on site.</i></p> <p>What DRR recommendations are being followed by the beneficiaries?</p> <p><i>BHHs built their shelter s on safer places and followed the DRR instructions given by IOM and NWO.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Site Selection for shelter</i> • <i>Selection on high level as water can not touch that area</i> • <i>Excavations excavated 4'.6''</i> • <i>PLC usage according to the given ratio</i> • <i>Filled with mortar</i> • <i>Plinths preparation and proper toe preparation</i> • <i>Usage of maximum lime</i> <p>Please describe any changes or refinements in the implementation methodology</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Initially the manual given by IOM and training conducted by HF had some design differences.</i> • <i>NWO provided the technical assistance to develop the new Brick using the lime ratio which was tested and approved by IOM technical team.</i>
<p>IOM donor visibility Activities</p>	<p>What donor visibility activities were conducted?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>In all phases and activities.</i> • <i>Assessment</i> • <i>Verification</i> • <i>Trainings</i> • <i>Physical work</i>
<p>Complementary Activities</p>	<p>Were there any other organization/agency working in the same village for any other sector e.g. Wash, infrastructure, Education etc.?</p> <p><i>National Rural Support Program (NRSP) is working on community</i></p>

	<i>physical infrastructure and LHDP is working on agriculture sector (Livelihood).</i>										
Results achieved											
Results:	<p>What results has the program achieved?</p> <p><i>Unskilled labours are getting skilled regarding shelters, they are in learning process and once they get skills they would be treated as skilled labour and will build their shelters.</i></p> <p>What were the major achievements of the ORS program</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>Proper construction process</i> • <i>New typologies</i> • <i>Technical skills</i> • <i>Quality work</i> 										
Progress Against Targets:	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Total Target</td> <td>520</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Identified</td> <td>520</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total plinths complete</td> <td>100</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Walls complete</td> <td>-</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Total Roofs complete</td> <td>-</td> </tr> </table>	Total Target	520	Total Identified	520	Total plinths complete	100	Total Walls complete	-	Total Roofs complete	-
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Total Identified	520										
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Lessons learned:	<p>What are the lessons learned during programme implementation?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>The duration of Shelter processes should be specific and should be according to schedule otherwise the delays created many problems in all respects.</i> • <i>IOM and HF technical trainings remained fruitful for the beneficiaries and IPs equally.</i> • <i>The procurement system for the material purchasing of beneficiaries are essentials and vital as communities are utilizing the ORS amount in their other immediate needs for instance some emergent health issues of families etc. This will curtail the cost, time and reduce the expenses of IPs and Donors as well.</i> 										

Constraints:	<p>What were the constraints if any during implementation?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• <i>Delay in 1st tranche of beneficiaries which will stop the momentum and tempo of the work.</i>• <i>Material purchasing</i>• <i>Inflation</i>• <i>Influence of the Wadeeras/landlords which created many issues including migrations of beneficiaries.</i>• <i>Environmental changes (Rains, water level etc)</i>• <i>Seasons of agricultural crops.</i>• <i>Cultural events (marriages, etc)</i>
Photos:	<p>Send at least 10 high resolution photos to the IOM Programme Officer in the hub.</p>



